

## Agromet Advisory Bulletin for the District, Kasaragod (Valid from 25.07.2020 to 29.07.2020)



(Issued jointly by Kerala Agricultural University Regional Agricultural Research Station Pilicode & India Meteorological Department)

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## A. Weather Summary of preceding four days

Rainfall, mm	Max. temp., °C	Min. temp., °C	R. H., %	Wind speed, Km/h
31.6	30.0-31.0	20.0 - 25.0	71.0–96.0	02 -04

## B.Weather forecast for next five days

Parameters	25.07.2020	26.07.2020	27.07.2020	28.07.2020	29.07.2020
Rainfall, mm	30	15	20	16	30
Max. Temp, °C	31	31	31	31	31
Min. Temp, °C	23	23	23	23	23
Max. Relative Humidity, %	93	93	93	93	93
Min. Relative Humidity, %	70	70	70	70	70
Wind speed, km/h	18	18	10	14	12
Wind direction, degrees	160	200	250	290	290
Total cloud cover, octa	8	8	8	8	8

## C. Agrometeorological Advisories

Crop	Stages	Problems	Agro-meteorological advisories	
General conditions		There will be rainfalls on coming days. Care should be taken to provide good drainage in the plantations. Adopt total field sanitations.		
Paddy	Tillering	Weed control and fertilizer application	Second dose of fertilizers can be given now. Top dress with 40Kg urea, 15Kg muriate of potash per acre for medium duration varieties and 22Kg urea + 12Kg muriate of potash per acre for short duration varieties. Apply fertilizers on non-rainy day. Before applying fertilizers thoroughly weed the land and the standing water in the field to a thin film level. After 48 hours allow water to stagnate in fields at 5 cm level. Apply fertilizers only on non-rainy days	

		The climate is suitable for tra	nsplanting of coconut seedlings		
Coconut planting		Take pits of size 1mx1mx1m. In laterite soils 1.2mx1.2mx1.2m sized pits are required.			
		Fill 1/3 portion of the pits with a mixture of topsoil, powdered FYM and wood ash taken in equal proportion. Dig a small pit in the middle of this and plant the seedling, and strengthen it by compacting the soil surrounding the basal nut portion of the seedlings. Provide prop to avoid tilting off of seedlings. Provide bunds around the pits.			
Paddy Tillering		Blast disease	Spray Fujione or Nativo (@ 2ml/litre of water)		
		Stem borer	If attack is seen, apply Takumi <sup>®</sup> @3g per 10L of water.		
Coconut	All stages	Rhinoceros beetle <b>Water State</b> Dwarf varieties are more vulnerable to the attack.	<ul><li>Take out the beetles from the attacked palm crown using beetle hook. Swab the hole made by the beetles with Bordeaux paste to prevent entry of fungus through the cut surface.</li><li>Clean the crown and the top most three leaf axils around the spindle may be filled with 250 gm sand which is mixed with 6g ferterra. This should be done thrice in a year ie, during May, September, and January.</li><li>Keep complete field sanitation.</li></ul>		
Banana	All stages	Sigatoka disease	Cut and remove lower affected leaves and burn them outside the plantation. Never drop such cut leaves in the plantation. Spary Tilt or Contaf (@2ml/litre of water). Apply 20% extra potash, in addition to recommended dose, in the basins.		
Black pepper	All stages	Wilt disease	Spray Redomil (@2g/litre of water) or copper oxy chloride (@3g/litre of water) Drench the soil in the basins with the same preparation (@ 5 litre per vine) as mentioned above.		

Cucurbitaceous	Vegetative	Mosaic disease	Use only truthfully labelled and certified seeds.
vegetables	phase		Spray a neem based insecticide (@ 4 ml/litre of water) to control the vector insects.

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