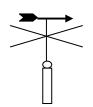


## Agromet Advisory Service bulletin 39/17, Tuesday dt 26.09.2017

(Issued jointly by IAAS Vellanikkara)

Dept. of Agriculture Meteorology, College of Horticulture, Vellanikkara E mail: kauagmet@yahoo.co.in, cohagmet@kau.in



## **ERNAKULAM**

**CURRENT SYNOPTIC SITUATION:** An upper air cyclonic circulation lies over Andhra Pradesh coast and extends upto 4.5 km above sea level.

**Heavy Rainfall Warning**: Heavy rainfall is most likely to occur at one or two places in Kerala from 27<sup>th</sup> morning to 29<sup>th</sup> morning of September 2017.

NWP MODELS BASED DISTRICT LEVEL WEATHER FORECAST ISSUED ON: 26.09.2017 VALID TILL 08:30 HRS IST OF THE NEXT 5 DAYS

DISTRICT: ERNAKULAM ENSEMBLE FCST

PARAMETERS	27.09.2017	28.09.2017	29.09.2017	30.09.2017`	01.10.2017
Rainfall (mm)	10	18	16	3	5
Max Temperature ( deg	32	30	30	32	32
Min Temperature ( deg C)	25	25	25	25	25
Total cloud cover (octa)	6	8	7	5	5
Max Relative Humidity (%)	90	90	90	90	90
Min Relative Humidity (%)	80	80	80	80	80
Wind speed (kmph)	14	14	14	14	14
Wind direction (deg)	270	250	250	270	250

## **Agro Meteorological Advisories:**

Crop	Stage of the crop / Pest/Disease	Advisories	
Paddy (Jyothi, kanjana)	Sheath blight	There is a chance for Sheath blight disease during rainy season. The immediate symptom is that outer leaves of paddy become yellow coloured. Black lesions can be seen on the lower part just above the water level. As a prophylactic measure, Apply Pseudomonas or Trichoderma @ 20 gram per litre of water. To prevent this disease, apply Hexaconazole @ 2 ml per litre of water.	
		As a prophylactic measure, hung three perforated packets of	
Coconut	Bud rot	Mancozeb sachet (5gm) around spindle leaves.	
Banana	Erwinia Rot	Proper drainage should be ensured. As a precaution, apply lime in the banana basin or bleaching powder in the irrigation channels. To improve the disease resistance, drench the basin with Pseudomonas @ 20g per litre of water. Affected plants can be protected by drenching the basin with 5 g bleaching powder or 3 g oxychloride or 2g copper hydroxide per one litre of water. Severely affected plants should be cut and removed to prevent the spread of disease.	
	Mosquito control measures can be adopted. Cattle should not be allowed graze in water		
Animal	logged areas for avoiding diseases. Avoid water logging in cattle sheds also. If fever and		
Husbandry	respiratory distress are noticed consult a veterinary surgeon. (CAADECS, KVASU, Mannuthy)		